

Lecture 9

9/4/2024

$$P = P_0 + \rho gh$$

$$F_s = \rho_F V_I g$$

Galleggiamento  
↓

$$F_p = -$$

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$$M = \frac{(\rho_F V_{TOT} - \rho_P V_{TOT})}{m_N}$$

$$M = \dots$$

$$M = 8,24$$

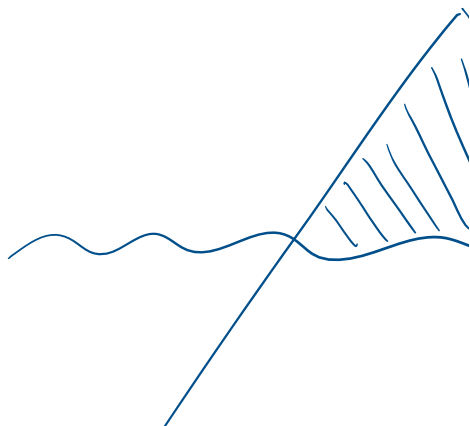
$$\rho_F V_{\text{TOT}} + m_0 = \rho_F \underset{\uparrow}{V_{\pm}} + \rho_F$$

$$\cancel{\rho_A} V_{\pm} = \left( \rho_F \cancel{V_{\text{TOT}}} \right) S \cdot h + m$$

$$V_{\pm} = \left( 206 \cdot 4.0, 2 + \right)$$

Esercizio

ICEBERG :



$$M_{ICE} \cancel{g} = P_{OC}$$

$$P_{ICE} V_{TOT} = P_{OC}$$

$$\cancel{P_{OC}} \frac{V_I}{V_{TOT}} = P_{ICE}$$

FLUIDOJ



Fluidi ideali:

)  $\mathcal{N}$

$$\eta = 0$$

4) INCOMPRESSIBILITÀ



Supponiamo che il n  
tempo  $\Delta t$ ;  $N$

$$\overleftrightarrow{l_1}$$

$$l_1 = N \Delta t$$