

C.I. APPLIED PHYSICS AND BIostatISTICS (6 CFU)

Module PHYSICS APPLIED TO BIOTECHNOLOGIES + Module PRINCIPLES OF MATHEMATICS AND BIostatISTICS

Academic Year 2025/2026 · Prof. Notarstefano

Name & Surname: _____	Date: _____	Student ID: _____
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Section	Type	Questions	Pts each	Max pts
Mathematics	True/False	6	0.75	4.5
Physics Theory	True/False	10	0.75	7.5
Mathematics	Multiple Choice	4	1.0	4.0
Physics Theory	Multiple Choice	8	1.0	8.0
Physics Exercises	Multiple Choice	3	3.0	9.0
TOTAL		31		33.0

- **True/False** (0.75 pts each): Circle T or F. Wrong answers are not penalised.
- **Multiple Choice** (1 pt each): Choose one answer. Wrong answers are not penalised.
- **Physics Exercises MC** (3 pts each): Choose the correct numerical result.
- Write clearly. Use a separate sheet for calculations if needed.

SECTION A — TRUE / FALSE

Indicate whether each statement is True or False · 0.75 points each

Questions	Points each	Section total
16	0.75	12.0

A1 · Mathematics (6 questions)

Q1.

Every elementary function (power, exponential, logarithm, sine, cosine) is continuous everywhere on \mathbb{R} .

True False

Q2.

The derivative of a constant function $f(x) = k$ is k .

True False

Q3.

If $f''(x) \leq 0$ on $[a, b]$, then f is concave (concave down) on $[a, b]$.

True False

Q4.

Every non-zero rational number has a multiplicative inverse in \mathbb{Q} .

True False

Q5.

Trigonometric functions are not injective over all \mathbb{R} because they are periodic.

True False

Q6.

$\log_a x$ is the inverse function of a^x .

True False

A2 · Physics Theory (10 questions)

Q7.

Bernoulli's Equation can be applied to any real viscous fluid under all flow conditions.

True False

Q8.

Gauss's Law relates the total electric flux through a closed surface to the total charge enclosed.

True False

Q9.

At the point of equilibrium on an inclined plane, the coefficient of static friction equals $\tan\alpha$, where α is the angle of inclination.

True False

Q10.

The magnitude of the normal force on a block resting on a horizontal surface always equals the weight of the block, regardless of any additional vertical forces applied.

True False

Q11.

According to Archimedes' Principle, the buoyant force on a submerged object depends on the object's own weight.

True False

Q12.

In an ideal fluid flowing through a narrowing pipe, the fluid velocity decreases at the constriction.

True False

Q13.

The instantaneous velocity vector is always tangent to the trajectory of the object at that point.

True False

Q14.

The cross product of two vectors is commutative, meaning $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{a}$.

True False

Q15.

According to Newton's Third Law, if object A exerts a force on object B, then B exerts a force on A that is equal in magnitude and direction but opposite in sense.

True False

Q16.

If a force acts on an object but the object does not move, the work done by that force is zero.

- True False

SECTION B — MULTIPLE CHOICE

Select the single correct answer · 1 point each

Questions	Points each	Section total
12	1.0	12.0

B1 · Mathematics (4 questions)**Q1.**

The discriminant of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ is:

- A) $\Delta = b^2 + 4ac$
 B) $\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$
 C) $\Delta = (b - 2a)^2$
 D) $\Delta = a^2 - 4bc$

Q2.

The mean of the scores obtained in the first three mathematics written tests by a student is 5.5. In the fourth test they score 6.5. What is the mean after the fourth test?

- A) 5.75
 B) 5.5
 C) 6
 D) There is not enough data to calculate it.

Q3.

If $f''(x) \geq 0$ for all $x \in [a, b]$, then f is:

- A) Concave (concave down) on $[a, b]$
 B) Convex (concave up) on $[a, b]$
 C) Constant on $[a, b]$
 D) Monotone decreasing on $[a, b]$

Q4.

In the context of comparing two means with a Student's t-test, the null hypothesis states that:

- A) The samples are dependent
 B) The populations are non-normal
 C) The observed difference between sample means is due to chance (i.e. the true population means are equal)
 D) The two means are necessarily different

B2 · Physics Theory (8 questions)

Q5.

In the Continuity Equation $A_1 v_1 = A_2 v_2$, if the cross-sectional area at point 2 is one third of the area at point 1, the velocity at point 2 is:

- A) One third of v_1
- B) The same as v_1
- C) Three times v_1
- D) Nine times v_1

Q6.

A thermodynamic system is defined as:

- A) Only a single particle considered in isolation
- B) A finite portion of matter separated from its surroundings by a boundary
- C) The entire universe including all its matter and energy
- D) Only the gaseous phase of a substance

Q7.

Aerodynamic lift on a wing is generated because:

- A) The wing pushes air downward with equal force
- B) Air flows faster over the upper surface (lower pressure) than under the lower surface (higher pressure), creating a net upward force
- C) The wing is heavier than air and sinks into a high-pressure zone
- D) Pressure is equal on both surfaces of the wing

Q8.

For an ideal gas, the specific heat capacity at constant pressure c_p compared to the specific heat at constant volume c_v satisfies:

- A) $c_p = c_v$
- B) $c_p < c_v$
- C) $c_p > c_v$
- D) $c_p = 0$ and $c_v > 0$

Q9.

For a projectile launched with initial speed v_i at elevation angle θ , the initial velocity components are:

- A) $v_{ix} = v_i \sin\theta$ and $v_{iy} = v_i \cos\theta$
- B) $v_{ix} = v_i \cos\theta$ and $v_{iy} = v_i \sin\theta$
- C) $v_{ix} = v_i \tan\theta$ and $v_{iy} = v_i$
- D) $v_{ix} = v_i$ and $v_{iy} = v_i \tan\theta$

Q10.

On a position-time graph, the instantaneous velocity at a point equals:

- A) The area under the curve at that point
- B) The slope of the chord between two points
- C) The slope of the tangent line at that point
- D) The y-intercept of the graph

Q11.

According to Faraday's Law:

- A) A steady magnetic field generates an electric field
- B) A time-varying magnetic field generates an electric field
- C) A time-varying electric field generates a magnetic field
- D) Electric charges generate magnetic fields

Q12.

Which of the following is the correct expression for linear thermal expansion of a solid rod of initial length L_0 subjected to a temperature change ΔT ?

- A) $\Delta L = L_0 \cdot \Delta T$
- B) $\Delta L = \alpha \cdot L_0 \cdot \Delta T$
- C) $\Delta L = \alpha \cdot L_0^2 \cdot \Delta T$
- D) $\Delta L = \alpha \cdot \Delta T / L_0$

SECTION C — PHYSICS EXERCISES

Select the correct numerical result · 3 points each

Questions	Points each	Section total
3	3.0	9.0

Q1.

A cork body floats on water with **4/5 of its volume above the water surface**. Determine the density of the cork. ($\rho_{\text{water}} = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

- A) 200 kg/m³
- B) 800 kg/m³
- C) 1000 kg/m³
- D) 250 kg/m³

Q2.

A ski slope has a vertical drop of **78 m**. Neglecting friction and air resistance, what will be the skier's speed at the end of the slope? ($g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$)

- A) 39 m/s
- B) 28 m/s
- C) 62 m/s
- D) 9.8 m/s

Q3.

A boy throws a ball straight up with $\mathbf{v} = 15 \text{ m/s}$ ($g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$). Which pair — **maximum height h** and **total flight time t** — is entirely correct?

- A) $h = 22.96 \text{ m} \mid t = 3.06 \text{ s}$
- B) $h = 11.48 \text{ m} \mid t = 1.53 \text{ s}$
- C) $h = 11.48 \text{ m} \mid t = 3.06 \text{ s}$
- D) $h = 22.96 \text{ m} \mid t = 4.69 \text{ s}$