## What are Aflatoxins?

- Toxins produced by the fungi *Aspergillus flavus* and *Aspergillus parasiticus* 
  - Aflatoxins are secondary fungal metabolites.
  - Aflatoxin types include B1, B2, G1, G2.
  - B1 is most prevalent and toxic aflatoxin.



Microscopic view : spore formation of *Aspergillus* 





ОМе

OMe



#### Influence of aflatoxins on human health

Acute aflatoxicosis can be **fatal**. Presenting symptoms are determined by amount of toxin consumed. Clinical symptoms in humans include: Abdominal pain Vomiting Pulmonary edema Liver necrosis

Mycotoxins have carcinogenic, mutagenic action, suppress the immune system, affect the kidneys, liver, nervous and circulatory system.

# AFLATOXINS IN FOOD



## **Classical Extraction**

Enable to use high concentrate – sample extracts by excellent tolerance on organic solvents

2. Apply the 10 ml

of sample liquid

1. Remove preservation

solution at room temperature

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Anti-body



Gel

3.Wash

Immunoaffinity Columns

LONG PROCEDURE HIGH COSTS



Wash by purified water

Easy

Clean-up

4. Elute with 3mℓ

Acetonitrile

AFLATOXIN

STERIGMATOCYSTIN

HPLC

Analysis



### LAB-EXPERIENCE INTRODUCTION 28 April





## ANALISYS OF AFLATOXINS IN FOOD SUPPLEMENTS

#### **Sample Preparation**





#### Sample extraction: Solid Phase Extraction (SPE)



**Immunoaffinity colums (ALFAPREP)** consists of a solid phase extraction based in the interaction between specific antibodies that are chemically selective for aflatoxins (in this case for AFLA B1, AFLA B2, AFLA G1 and AFLA G2)



Samples

**MIP-SPE** consists of a solid phase extraction with a sorbent phase composed of Molecolar Imprinted Polymers MIPs.

MIP was synthesized with a dummy template as , naftoic acid that presents specif chemical affinity with the structure of aflatoxins. The Mip is selective with the molecule template.





Schematic representation of SPE clean-up procedure





#### **UHPLC-MS/MS** Analysis





### **UHPLC-MS/MS Analysis: Parameter**



Column: C18 2.6 μm 50x2.1mm



Mobile Phases:

-Water Phase : Ammonio Formiate 5mM

-Organic Phase: MeOH/ACN (50:50) 5 mM Formic acid

	Q1	DP	DwT	EP	Q3	CE	СХР
	(amu)	(V)	(ms)	(V)	(amu)	(V)	(V)
ANALITA							
					241.1	50	9
AFLA B1	313.1	107	50	7	269.0	40	10
					285.2	32	11
					287.1	36	9
AFLA B2	315.1	100	50	9	243.0	53	15
					258.8	40	11
					199.9	53	9
AFLA G1	329.1	110	50	10	242.9	36	9
					310.9	31	10
					313.1	13	11
AFLA G2	331.0	77	50	10	228.0	16	10
					95.0	25	8

(Q1: molecular ion mass; DP: declustering potential; DwT: dwell time; EP: entrance potential; Q3: fragment ion mass; CE: collision energy; CXP: collision exit potential.)





#### **UHPLC-MS/MS**

#### **UHPLC-MS/MS** Analysis



#### **Determination of Aflatoxins**



Calibration curve construction and sample quantification

#### Calibration curve Area vs. [Standard Concentration]



