

Mappa concettuale

- Shall I answer the phone? — offerta neutra
- Shall we have a break? — proposta neutra
- Shall I cut my hair? — chiedere consiglio
- She should/ought to study more. — chiedere e dare consiglio
- He shouldn't/ought not to argue with his boss. — rimprovero/critica
- I should/ought to wake up earlier. — obbligo morale

SHALL/
SHOULD/
OUGHT TO

- You must buy that book. — consiglio
- Students must do their homework. — obbligo – presente/futuro
- He had to give up smoking. — obbligo – tutti i tempi
- I need to go to the bank. — necessità
- We mustn't talk during the exam. — proibizione assoluta
- You don't have to do all the problems, just three of them. — mancanza di obbligo
- She doesn't have to/needn't/doesn't need to work. — mancanza di necessità – presente

HAVE TO/
MUST/NEED

- Will you turn down the volume? — richiesta informale
- Would you speak more quietly, please? — richiesta formale
- I will do it for you! — offerta neutra
- Would you like a glass of wine, sir? — offerta formale

WILL/
WOULD

MODAL
VERBS

CAN/
COULD

- abilità – presente — She can play the guitar.
- abilità generica – passato — I could speak at 2 years old.
- possibilità – presente/futuro — We can go to the cinema tonight.
- possibilità dubbia – presente/futuro — She could be on holiday.
- possibilità – passato — I could afford a Ferrari before the crisis.
- richiesta informale — Can you slice the bread?
- richiesta formale — Could you repeat, please?
- permesso informale – presente/futuro — You can watch TV now.
- permesso formale – presente/futuro — Could I dance with your wife?
- offerta neutra — Can I get you something to drink?
- offerta formale — Could I park your car, madam?
- proibizione/mancanza di permesso — You can't go to the disco tomorrow.

MAY/
MIGHT

- possibilità – presente/futuro — She may do it now.
- possibilità remota – presente/futuro — We might go to Paris next month.
- permesso formale – presente/futuro — Guests may use our spa.