27

Health and illness



Verb collocations referring to illnesses and injuries

In most everyday situations you can use the verbs *get* or *have* with the names of illnesses, but you will improve your written style if you can use these alternative verbs and expressions.

verb	common collocations	example	
catch	a cold, the flu, a chill, pneumonia	I got soaking wet and caught a cold.	
contract [formal]	a disease, malaria, typhoid	Uncle Jess contracted malaria while he was working in Africa.	
develop [formal]	(lung/breast) cancer, diabetes, AIDS, arthritis, Alzheimer's disease	My grandfather developed Alzheimer's disease and could no longer remember things or recognise people.	
suffer from	asthma, hay fever, backache	She has suffered from asthma all her life.	
have an attack of	bronchitis, asthma, hay fever, diarrhoea	She had an attack of hay fever and was sneezing non-stop.	
be diagnosed with	(lung/breast) cancer, AIDS, leukaemia, autism	a, autism He was diagnosed with lung cancer and died a year later.	
suffer / sustain [formal]	(major/minor/serious/head) injuries	The driver sustained serious head injuries in the crash.	

В

Fitness and good health

Look at this magazine questionnaire and note the collocations relating to fitness.

Are you in good shape?

- I Do you take regular vigorous exercise?
- 2 Do you eat a balanced diet?
- 3 Do you care about healthy eating?
- 4 Do you follow a personal fitness programme?
- 5 Do you always stick to your programme?
- 6 In general, have you kept fit over the last two years?







Talking about sickness and pain

My poor friend Gina is terminally ill. [She will die soon.] She suffers excruciating/unbearable pain most of the time. Apparently it's an incurable illness that runs in her family. Paul annoys everyone at work. He takes days off even for the most trivial/minor ailments.

It's a serious illness, but probably not life-threatening. For a few days it was acutely/intensely painful, but now it's just a dull ache. My doctor prescribed me some tablets and they relieved/alleviated the pain.

Lorna was taken ill the other day. She's in hospital. They're not sure what it is yet. I had a heavy cold and a splitting headache, so I wasn't in a good mood. [the opposite of a heavy cold is a slight cold]



In accidents, wars, etc., things get damaged and people get injured: Their car was slightly damaged but luckily no one was injured.

58 English Collocations in Use

Exercises

27.1	Look at A. Match the v	erbs and expressions on the left with	their collogations at 1			
	1 sustain 2 contract 3 have an attack of 4 develop 5 be diagnosed with 6 catch	diarrhoea a cold breast cancer minor injuries typhoid autism	then conocations on the right.			
27.2	ose the verbs and expre	Use the verbs and expressions in the left-hand column of exercise 27.1 instead of the verb get in these newspaper extracts.				
	Many musicians who garthritis experience the tragedy of no longer being able to play the instrument.	get To get cancer is the most frightening experience, and	Mr Taylor escaped with bruises, but experts say he was lucky not to have got serious injuries.			
	More than 50 passengers of the flight got moderate or severe diarrhoea. Medical officials suspect the in-flight catering was responsible.	malaria each year in	Patients often get pneumonia while in hospital. In fact, experts now think hospitals may be the worst place to be if you are sick and weak.			
27.3	t Fitt is not a s	omplete the collocations. You are given the first letter of the missing words. 1 Flu is not a s				
	5 Turn that music down	4 The children have a b				
	chemist's instead.	chemist's instead.				
	8 Diseases which are i make progress with dri	I need to adopt a proper fitness programme and to s				
	e pain. Luc	e				
	11 My doctor p	me a new drug to a				
	12 I took a day off work y	resterday. It was nothing serious, just	a s cold.			