Word-Formation Processes in EPS COMPOUNDING

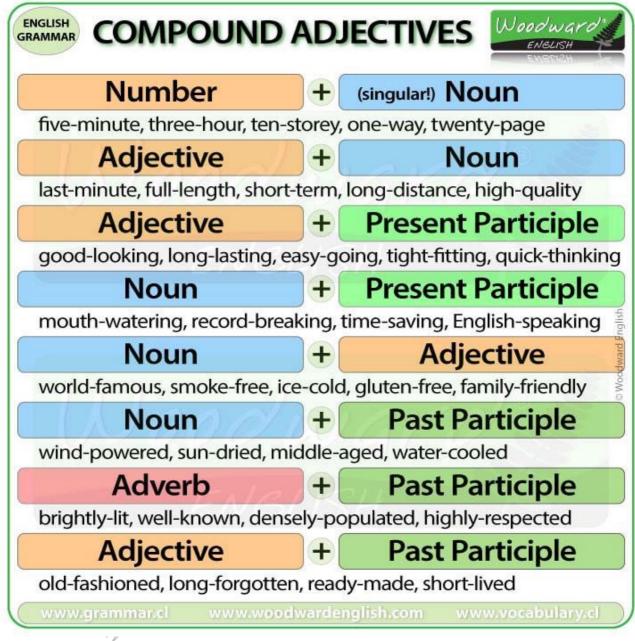
(part two: compound adjectives)

The following examples, in *italics*, show some patterns of compound adjectives:

- student-friendly (n + adv = adj) coursebooks
- purpose-built (n + past part. = adj) premises
- family-run (n + past part. = adj) business
- market-oriented (n + past part. = adj) policy
- government-led (n + past part. = adj) investment initiatives
- state-owned (n + past part. = adj) concerns

A compound adjective is an adjective made up of two parts and usually written with a hyphen (a trait d'union, in French): the second part is frequently an -ing form or a past participle. Its meaning is usually clear from the words it combines.

COMPOUND ADJECTIVES 1 Two-word adjectives **FORM** Many adjectives are formed by joining two (or more) words with a hyphen (-). There are many types of combinations: a small-scale operation, a long-term policy adj + noun: a narrow-minded approach, a short-sighted policy adi + noun + -ed: low-paid workers, a well-informed person adj or adv + past participle: a high-flying professional, a far-reaching effect, adj, adv, noun + present participle: a record-breaking year, a problem-solving approach a tax-free salary, a brand-new product A few compound adjectives consist of three words: up-to-date information the day-to-day organisation a down-to-earth approach an out-of-court settlement



A particular group of compound adjectives are those where the second part is a preposition. Some of these adjectives are listed below along with a typical noun:

- an *all-out*¹ strike
- a run-down² area
- a built-up3 area
- well-off⁴ bankers

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¹ A synonym for *total*.

² A synonym for *in poor condition*.

³ A synonym for with lots of buildings in it.

⁴ A synonym for wealthy.