# **Word-Formation Processes in EPS**\*\* 5. Conversion \*\*

CONVERSION or ZERO-DERIVATION may be defined as a word-formation process by which a word, belonging to one word-class, is transferred to another word-class without any concomitant change of form.

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E.g.: to talk (v.) \rightarrow a talk (n.) professional (adj.) \rightarrow a professional (n.) a head (n.) \rightarrow to head (v.)
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It is a highly prolific source for the production of new words, since there is no restriction on the form that can undergo conversion in English.

The major kinds of conversion are:

- noun → verbverb → noun
- adjective → noun
- adjective  $\rightarrow$  verb
- adjective ightarrow adverb
- preposition ightarrow noun
- preposition ightarrow verb
- conjunction  $\rightarrow$  noun

#### **EXAMPLES**

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NOUN TO VERB = book / to book
experience / to experience
eye / to eye
network / to network
face / to face
campaign / to campaign
trade / to trade
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"Who Experiences Homelessness?

Anyone can experience homelessness. And while every person faces unique challenges, all people experiencing homelessness are impacted by systemic issues like the lack of affordable housing and inadequate incomes".

### VERB TO NOUN = to run / a run

to increase / an increase to delegate / a delegate to import / an import1 to start up / a startup don't know / a don't-know to check in / a check-in to slow down / a slowdown to lock down / a lockdown

"They were hierarchical and bureaucratic organisations that were in the business of making long runs of standardised products." (source: The Economist, December 2001)

"A survey finds support for both globalisation and import tariffs - Free trade and globalisation are more popular in developing countries." (source: The Economist, September 2017)

"Poll shows support for Welsh independence running at 41%, excluding don't knows".

ADJECTIVE TO NOUN = high / a high / highs and lows elderly / the elderly unemployed / the unemployed official / an official executive / an executive renewable / renewables

> "U.S. stocks are nearing record highs again after a furious rally — 'this market could surprise everyone".

"Apple executives think its internal AI chatbot is 'on par' with ChatGPT".

"The logic for replacing old coal plants with renewables that run on costless inputs—wind and sun-looks obvious."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Remember that there are a set of words – such as import, export, conflict, rebel, object, subject, present – undergoing stress shifting when they turn from one word-class, i.e., a noun, into another, i.e., a verb. © 2025 by Vaccarelli F., F. Rosati - DISCLAIMER: Please note that this is copyrighted material, those who access this page are permitted only to

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ADJECTIVE TO VERB = empty / to empty clean / to clean open / to open better / to better

"The high point of TV as a medium': David Lynch's Twin Peaks may never be bettered".

VERB TO ADJECTIVE = would be / would-be

must have / must-have

must see / must-see

must read / must-read

"Fox News' gaffe: Overlay caption calls Biden a 'would-be dictator'". (source: Nova News, June 2023)

"The two political veterans face off the evening of Sept. 29 in a must-see-TV event.". (source: Transport Topics, September 2020)

PREPOSITION TO NOUN = up - down / ups and downs in - out / ins and outs

"A month of ups and downs in almost every corner of the market".

"The ins and outs<sup>2</sup> of vaccine trials" (source: Chemistry World, November 2020)

#### PREPOSITION TO VERB = down / to down

"Two years ago, the protest was against plans for a single European airspace. Last year, it was budget cuts that led the controllers to down tools<sup>3</sup>". (source: The Economist, April 2015)

CONJUNCTION TO NOUN = but / buts if / ifs

"There are absolutely no ifs, no buts and no maybes about this — no arm-twisting and nothing that can be done to me in the intervening period." (source: Politico, November 2017)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ins and outs = all the details, especially the complicated or difficult ones.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> If you say that workers **down tools**, you mean that they stop working suddenly in order to strike or to make a protest of some kind.

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## **FUNCTIONAL SHIFT**

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A particular sub-type of conversion is **FUNCTIONAL SHIFT**. It refers to the same process, but in such cases, words are converted from one grammatical function to another without any change in word-class.

It occurs when a noun changes its function from [U] noun to [C] noun (e.g.: business, glass, paper, hair, time, etc.)

"Economists say the answer, to some degree, can be found in a start-up slump — a decline in the creation of new businesses — and a growing understanding of what's behind it". (source: The New York Times, September 2017)

or when a full verb changes its function from intransitive to transitive verb (e.g.: to grow, to run, to suffer, to fly, etc.)

"They have grown a reputation for quality and efficient delivery of their service over 15 years in sectors including pharmaceuticals, engineering, technology and construction." (source: The Telegraph, November 2019)

or when an adjective changes its function from qualifier to indefinite adjective (e.g.: further)

"Another month, further deadlock – this isn't what the Brexiters<sup>4</sup> promised". (source: The Guardian, October 2017)

Functional shift may involve also prepositions (by, for, over, etc.) and conjunctions (since, as).

For example, the preposition 'by' can introduce different kinds of complements, as in the following examples:

- President Donald Trump said Thursday the investigations into his campaign were "set up by the Democrats".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A **Brexiter** is a supporter of Brexit.

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- Smaller independent retailers often pay the highest merchant charges to credit card companies and therefore are more open to haggling from a customer that does not want to pay by credit card.
- Banks need Brexit transition deal by end of year, warns FCA chief.

Also, the preposition 'over' can introduce different kinds of complements, as in the following examples

- Over the past two years, we have used distance learning.
- Please, put your mobiles over the desk.
- This book is over the French Revolution.
- It's over to you.

The conjunction 'since' can introduce different kinds of subordinate clauses, as in the following examples:

- How do you feel 20 years since Wales voted for devolution?
- Co-operation with the national authorities is at the heart of the CPT's<sup>5</sup> work, since the aim is to protect persons deprived of their liberty rather than to condemn States for abuses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> European Committee for the Prevention of Torture.

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