39 Indicators 2

A Going up

You use a number of verbs to describe amounts or figures going up.

BT SHARES <u>ADVANCE</u> IN ACTIVE TRADING

1

2

3

8

9

Shares in BT increased in value.

UNEMPLOYMENT <u>LEAPS</u>
TO TEN-YEAR HIGH

 The number of people without work has gone up quickly.

TRADE SURPLUS
JUMPS TO RECORD
LEVEL

 The value of exports over imports has gone up quickly. YAHOO! <u>SOARS</u> AS INTERNET EXPLOSION CONTINUES Shares in Yahoo! have increased greatly in value.

PETROL PRICES SET TO <u>SKYROCKET</u>

Petrol prices are going to rise by a lot. W PROFITS UP AS
CAR SALES
CONTINUE TO SURGE

Profits in VW have increased thanks to rapidly rising car sales.

B Going down

You also use a number of verbs to describe amounts or figures going down.

1,000 JOBS <u>AXED</u> AS DEFENCE PLANT CLOSES A defence company has told 1,000 factory employees that they are to lose their jobs. SEPTEMBER RETAIL
SALES PLUMMET

Sales in shops have fallen a lot in September.

EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK <u>CUTS</u> RATE IN SURPRISE MOVE

= The ECB has reduced interest rates. 11 GOVERNMENT
SLASHES INCOME TAX
TO TEN PER CENT

= The government has reduced income tax by a large amount.

MEGACORP <u>EASES</u> ON PROFITS WARNING Megacorp's share price has gone down slightly after they said that profits would be lower than expected.

EURO <u>DIVES</u> TO NEW LOWS

= The euro currency has fallen to its lowest value ever.

C Peaks and troughs

If a figure rises to a level and then stops rising, remaining at that level, it levels off and remains steady or stable.

If a figure reaches its highest level – a peak – and then goes down, it peaks at that level. If it reaches its lowest level – a trough – and then bottoms out, it falls to that level and then starts rising again.

Boom and bust

Demand is the amount of goods and services that people want in a particular period.

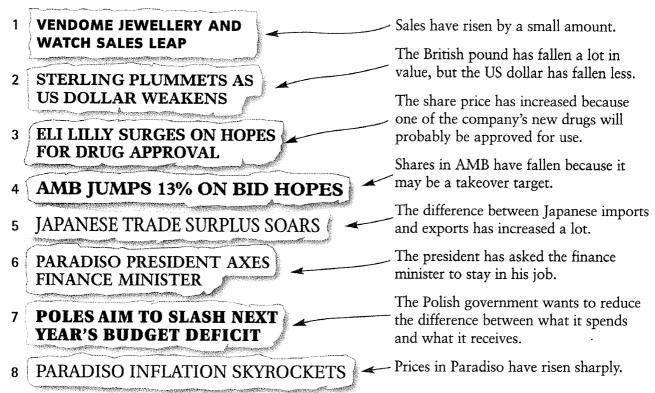
A boom is when there is rising demand, and other indicators are strong.

Stagnation is when the economy is growing slowly, or not at all.

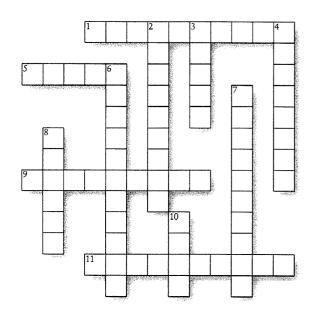
Stagflation is when slow growth is combined with prices that are increasing fast.

Recession is a period when there is negative growth, a period when the economy is producing less. A slump is a very bad recession. A depression is a very bad slump.

39.1 Look at these headlines containing words from A and B opposite and say whether the statements about them are true or false.



39.2 Complete the crossword with expressions from C and D opposite.



Across

- 1 The worst possible economic situation. (10)
- 5 Inflation when it reaches its highest level. (5)
- 9 When unemployment stays at its highest it (6,3)

Down

- 2 A period when the economy is not healthy. (9)
- 3 Worse than 2 down, but not as bad as 1 across. (5)
- 4 During a recession, there is growth. (8)
- 6 Rising prices without rising growth. (11)
- 7 A very slow economy. (10)
- 8 If inflation doesn't change, it remains
 - (6)
- 10 A very positive economic situation. (4)

Over to you

Think about a company or country that you know. How well has it performed in the last few years?