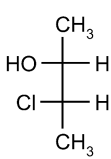
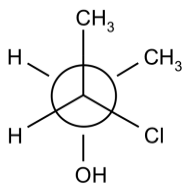
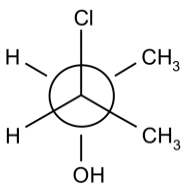
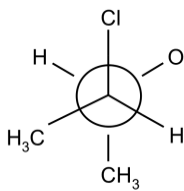
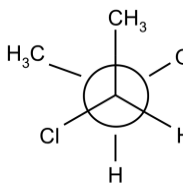
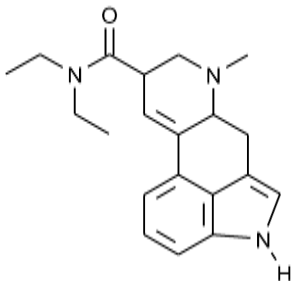
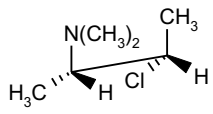
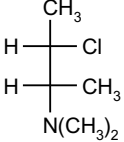
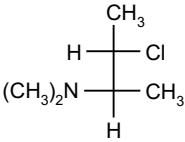
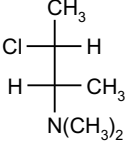
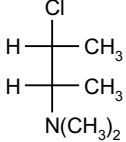
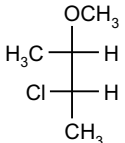
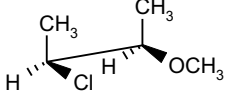
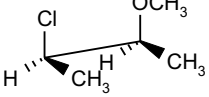
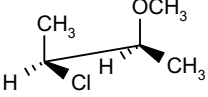
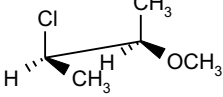


TEST ESERCITAZIONE n.1

1.	Indicare quale molecola ha un momento dipolare. (1) Metano; (2) Etino. A 1 = Sì; 2 = Sì. C 1 = No; 2 = Sì. B 1 = Sì; 2 = No. D 1 = No; 2 = No.
2.	Indicare quale composto può formare legami idrogeno con l' acqua . (1) CH ₃ CO ₂ H; (2) (CH ₃) ₂ NH. A 1 = Sì; 2 = Sì. C 1 = No; 2 = Sì. B 1 = Sì; 2 = No. D 1 = No; 2 = No.
3.	Indicare quale affermazione è corretta . (1) Gli alcani contengono solo legami sigma forti; (2) Le elettronegatività di C e H sono molto diverse, H è il polo negativo. A 1 = Sì; 2 = Sì. C 1 = No; 2 = Sì. B 1 = Sì; 2 = No. D 1 = No; 2 = No.
4.	Indicare la proiezione di Newman che corrisponde alla seguente proiezione di Fischer.   A  B  C  D
5.	Indicare la formula bruta dell' LSD .  A C₂₀H₂₇N₃O. B C₂₀H₂₅N₃O. C C₁₉H₂₅N₃O. D C₂₁H₂₅N₃O.
6.	Indicare l'ibridazione dell'atomo di carbonio 1 e l'angolo di legame CN nell'etanonitrile. A sp², 180°. sp³, 109°. B sp, 180°. C sp², 120°. D

7.	Indicare la proiezione di Fischer che corrisponde alla seguente struttura a cavalletto.   A  B  C  D
8.	Indicare un composto che, nella conformazione più stabile, non ha tutti gli atomi di carbonio sullo stesso piano. A <i>cis</i>-2-Butene. B Butano. C Benzene. D Ciclopropano.
9.	Indicare quale proiezione a cavalletto corrisponde alla seguente formula di Fischer.   A  B  C  D